

ALL THE NEWS
Is printed daily in The Evening Constitution, and with it
the readers get many bright special features, among them:
THE SCHOOL CONTEST,
OUR PRIZE "Y" POSIAC,
DA LY FICTION STORY.

VOL. I. NO. 32.

THE EVENING CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 23, 1897.

WEATHER FORECAST:
For Georgia—Fair tonight and Wednesday; colder tonight and colder in the southeast portion Wednesday.
For Alabama—Fair tonight and Wednesday; colder tonight.
For South Carolina—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; colder.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE WHOLE CITY IS WATCHING WITH INTEREST THE STRUGGLE OF THE SCHOOLS

A CYCLONE IN ATHENS

The University Shaken by the Wind and Much Damage Is Reported from That Section.

SEVERAL BUILDINGS UNROOFED

The Library of the College and the Lucy Cobb Institute Badly Injured.

THE STORM INTERRUPTS A DANCE

The Lights Were Blown Out and the People Badly Frightened, and for a While Consternation Reigned. Damage Will Mount Up Into the Thousands.

Athens, Ga., February 23. Special to The Evening Constitution.

Athens was in the edge of a cyclone this morning at ten minutes past 12 o'clock for two minutes every house in town was shaken to the very foundation. Roofs went whirling into the air. Blinds, windows, fences and doors went down before the wind. Then came a driving rain. Trees were blown down all over the city.

At the Lucy Cobb institute a portion of the roof was blown away and the young ladies were terrified.

LIBRARY INJURED.

One corner of the library building on the campus of the university was unroofed.

The roof of the Henderson warehouse was totally wrecked. The Farmers' Alliance warehouse was blown down.

A dance was in progress at Dupree hall and all the lights were extinguished, windows were blown in and for a while consternation reigned.

No injuries to persons have been reported. The damage to the property all told will amount to several thousand dollars.

MANY HOUSES INJURED.

The roof was blown off two buildings on the campus.

The Phi Kappa hall was damaged and fifteen small houses in east Athens blown over. One two-story house was felled. In east Athens the wind turned around a house on its foundation.

Probably two hundred houses were slightly damaged, total damages to property not less than \$15,000.

TWO BOYS POISONED.

THEY DIE IN HORRIBLE AGONY FROM EATING ROUGH ON RATS.

They Made Biscuits of What They Supposed To Be Yeast and Were Discovered When It Was Too Late to Aid Them.

Savannah, Ga., February 23. Special to The Evening Constitution.

Through a mistake in using rough on rats for yeast in making biscuits Henry Taylor, a ten-year-old white boy, and Sam Green, an eleven-year-old negro, who live at Jonesville, S. C., one mile from Savannah, just over the river, were poisoned to death yesterday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Taylor came to Savannah yesterday to participate in the celebration of Washington's birthday and left their son, Henry, at home in company with Sam Green. When the parents returned home last night, they found Sam Green in the house dead and their son lying close to him on the floor in the throes of death.

Hr suffered great agony for several hours until death came. The boys got hold of a can of rough on rats, which they thought was yeast, and finding flour in the pantry they cooked biscuits and ate several of them.

The poisoned food soon afterwards took effect, and the boys died in the house alone, had no one to render them assistance.

Mr. Taylor came to the city this morning and reported the case to Coroner Goetz, but that officer had no jurisdiction, as the death occurred in Carolina.

THE BAUM REQUISITION.

Governor Has Set Hearing of Argument in the Case for March 1st.

Governor Atkinson has set the hearing of the Marcus Baum requisition case for Monday, March 1st.

Early in December a requisition was served on the governor for the custody of Marcus Baum by the governor of Maryland, charging that he was wanted in that state for trial.

Baum stated the requisition and employed Colonels S. C. Cohen and Joseph R. Lamar to defend the case. The Maryland authorities employed J. S. and W. T. Davidson, and both sides have agreed to argue the case before the governor on that day.



GENERAL FITZHUGH LEE.

Nothing is Known in Washington of His Reported Repudiation of the Cleveland Administration.

COOK CUT HER THROAT

Desperate Act of a Crazed Veteran at 47 Magnolia Street Early This Morning.

ATTEMPTS TO KILL HIS WIFE

H. P. Cook Sends for His Wife, and When She Reaches His Bedside, He Stabs at Her.

HER WOUND IS A DANGEROUS ONE

The Enraged Man Had Been Living Apart from His Wife and She Only Went To Him in the Belief That He Was Dying—Cook Is Arrested and Locked Up.

A HOT FIGHT FOR THE SPOILS

Lawyers Will Meet Thursday To Talk Over the Affairs of the Association, and a Very Lively Time Is Expected—Mr. Hale Has Returned from the North.

In the United States circuit court this morning Judge Newman granted a temporary restraining order against State Treasurer William J. Speer in the case of Charles E. Garner vs. the Southern Mutual Building and Loan Association.

The motion was made by Judge Henry D. Tompkins, representing Garner, whom it will be remembered, recently asked for a receiver in the case from the United States court.

The restraining order prohibits Treasurer Speer from turning over to the association any loans, debts or securities which he may have in his possession.

An order was also entered setting March 3d, at 10 o'clock, as the time for hearing the application of Garner for a receiver for the institution and making the restraining order continuing.

It will be remembered that Mr. Garner filed a petition in the federal court asking for a receiver for the association after the state court had taken supervision and appointed a temporary receiver to take charge of the affairs of the association.

The application was brought up once or twice, but action was finally postponed until after the meeting of the stockholders, which has been called to assemble this week in order to see just what shape the affairs of the institution are in and what action they propose to take.

An application for a permanent receiver was also made to the superior court, but this has also been postponed until after the meeting of the stockholders on Thursday.

It will then be taken up and decided whether the receivership shall be made permanent or not. The association will in all probability fight the receivership and then try to form a liquidation committee to wind up the assets and settle with the creditors of the institution.

The case has attracted widespread attention and the meeting this week promises to be filled with much interest, while there may be some sensational developments in connection with the management of the association.

STABBED HER IN THE NECK.

As has been foretold in The Evening Constitution, the stockholders' meeting will in reality be nothing more than a lawyers' meeting, where a hot fight will be waged among the different factions for a division of the spoils.

There have been several plans outlined for reorganization and liquidation, but it is not believed that the stockholders or their representatives can agree upon any one plan and that the receivership may be allowed to remain permanent. If this latter case is decided upon the fight will then be over the permanent receiver.

While the physicians were dressing the wound of the woman Cook came to the door and demanded admittance. He said that she was his wife and he had a right to come in. She begged the physicians to keep her husband from coming in, saying that he would kill her. They refused him admittance and he was soon afterwards arrested by a policeman.

Continued on Page Eight.

GURIOUS BOX OF CURIOS

Dr. Thurman Possessed Many Articles of Queer Design, and His Collection Was Strange.

ALL IN COURT THIS MORNING

He Was Fond of Dolls of All Kinds and He Worked on a Perpetual Motion Machine.

THOUGHT HE HAD SOLVED PROBLEM

That Three-Wheeled Conveyance of the Doctor's Is Again Talked Of—Mrs. Thurmond Talks About Her Husband's Life—Evidence That the Deceased Was Peculiar and of Unsound Mind.

The evidence in the Thurman will case was concluded this morning.

It was the most important day of the trial, and the attorneys for the caverator will depend much on the testimony heard this morning to prove that Dr. Thurman was not of sound mind when he made his last will.

Four wills have been introduced in the case. One of these was made by Dr. Thurman in 1874. This was in favor of his wife. In 1875 Mrs. Thurman copied the first will, making it in favor of Dr. Thurman. The third will was made in 1888. In this he makes an endorsement to the Technological school, making it subject to the death of his wife.

It is the fourth will, made in 1892, which is being contested. In this Mrs. Underwood is named as heir after Mrs. Thurman's death.

Mr. L. E. Gwin, now a resident of Brunswick, Ga., was the first witness called. He testified that he was one of the witnesses to the last will of Dr. Thurman. Mr. Gwin came up from Brunswick yesterday.

Mrs. M. E. Roch says she was a personal friend of the family and was frequently at the house during the last few months of Dr. Thurman's life.

She states that Dr. Thurman gave a dinner party and was so nervous during the dinner that he was unable to do the duty of a host. She saw Mrs. Underwood at Dr. Thurman's only once.

She testified that soon after the death of Dr. Thurman's child, which was just before Sherman marched into Atlanta, he went around trying to find another child similar to the one he lost.

Mrs. Helen Thomas, wife of James Thomas, was placed on the stand and testified that Dr. Thurman was weak both physically and mentally. Mrs. Thurman treated Dr. Thurman very kindly. During his later years she felt certain that he was of unsound mind. There was a far-away look in his eyes.

MR. THURMAN TESTIFIES.

Mr. Thurman was placed on the stand. She testified that she married Dr. Thurman in 1853. They moved to Atlanta in 1855.

She says that one son was born, but he died soon after the war. Their relations were as pleasant as possible.

"While he was eccentric, he was very kind."

"Dr. Thurman was forever trying to invent things," she said.

The articles that Dr. Thurman played with were here introduced.

The machine of perpetual motion was described by Mrs. Thurman. A large white dial was introduced. Dr. Thurman used to turn the dial to a stand between the rotating doors and leave it, then talk of the power there was in it.

The instrument of weighing salt and fresh water was brought in. Mrs. Thurman told how Dr. Thurman used to experiment with it.

"The big gold doll was opened," said Mrs. Thurman. "He used to hug and kiss it and treat it very affectionately. He had two other dolls, these he named Alice Hocker and Lizzie Venable.

FOUR DOZEN SUITS UNDERCLOTHING

"When Dr. Thurman returned from California he brought with him four dozen pairs of underclothing.

Mrs. Thurmond said that she had known Mrs. Underwood for eighteen or twenty years; that she lived in Gainesville at one time and came to Atlanta to buy a place. She staid with her while in the city. That Dr. Thurman would go with Mrs. Underwood when she went out to look for a house.

That they went as often as twice a day.

Dr. Thurman went to the springs, and while there wrote to her. In this letter Dr. Thurman said that Mrs. Underwood was at the springs and that she treated him kindly.

That the first she knew of their relationship was when she sent to him a box of candy.

Mr. Underwood came to her house and read her will, which he said was his last. That was the one leaving all to her.

She never heard of Dr. Thurman looking for another child to take the place of their last child.

ORDINARY'S OFFICE A DOLL HOUSE

The corner of the ordinary's office presents the scene of a well equipped doll house.

It is said that in some way a package of letters miscarried, written by one of Peachtree's fairest young women, and by some chance got into the hands of a certain young swell, who proudly speaks of her as his fiancee. It is said that he called last

SENT THE LETTERS TO WIVES.

Yesterday morning this friend, who is one of the leaders of local society, is said to have taken possession of the letters, and

OTIS O. SMITH'S DEFALCATIONS SPREAD SENSATIONS

HIS TENDER EPISTLES

Consternation in Society Circles Caused by the Friendly Act of One of Smith's Chums.

WRITERS' LETTERS RETURNED

Notes Fall Into the Hands of Young Married Women and Fiancees and Trouble Is Abroad.

MODERN PYTHIAS IS NOW WORRIED

Some Husbands and Fair Young Women Are Greatly Excited and Troubled by a Serious Nature Has Broken Loose—Smith's Private Desk Ransacked and His Love Letters Are Removed and Distributed.

The arrest of Otis Smith on the charge of embezzlement has brought about serious complications in society circles. Consternation reigns supreme in some of the most fashionable households of the swell set, and it looks as if trouble of a serious nature is in store for some of the gay set, if reports are true.

As is well known, young Smith was one of the swells of the swell. He was at the front in matters social. He shined like a brilliant star in a clear sky on the darkest night. His position was one which carried envy to the hearts of many of his social rivals.

With the downfall of the young cashier there comes to light a story which eclipses any other feature of the case in interest, because it is of widespread importance and dozens of the best known young men and young ladies and their parents of the city are interested personally.

It is this:

Young Smith was a methodical sort of fellow, and in his social career he took pains to accumulate quite a collection of briebras and interesting little things which served to make up a splendid exhibit, representative of his experiences, pleasures and existence in society's realm. Among the lot of stuff he put aside were several dozen packages of letters from the pens of some of Atlanta's tender sex-missives from the maidens and debutantes and others of Atlanta's young women in society.

EX-CONGRESSMAN STORER.

He Will Be Assistant Secretary of State and John Sherman's Right Hand Man.

WASHINGTON, February 23. Special to The Evening Constitution.

It is definitely announced that ex-Confederate

WILL STRENGTHEN SHERMAN.

Bellamy Storer Will Have, It Is Hoped, a Good Effect Upon the Head of His Department.

Washington, February 23. Special to The Evening Constitution.

It is definitely announced that ex-Confederate

MONEY WENT FOR FAST LIVING

He Has Confessed to All Sorts of

peculations and forgeries, and

There Seems No End to the Crookedness Which He Practiced—His Private Papers Being Overhauled—Mr. English Talks About the Matter.

Otis O. Smith is a confessed forger as well as an embezzler.

The Georgia Security and Banking Company is busy today investigating to ascertain exactly how much bogus stock of that company Smith issued for the purpose of raising cash when he needed it. The Atlanta National bank has a bogus certificate of this stock, on which Smith borrowed \$400, but afterwards paid back \$400 of the amount, leaving \$100 due the bank.

THE CASE OF FORGERY.

The worst cases of forgery with which Smith stands charged is the endorsement of checks which were drawn by Mr. J. W. English, Jr., in favor of Atlanta merchants. Instead of delivering the checks, Smith would forge the name of the payee and collect the amount. One of these checks, now in the possession of Mr. English, was made payable to the order of the Elkin-Watson Drug Company. It was presented at the bank indorsed and was paid, Smith

OTTOMAN EMPIRE IS FAST NEARING ITS DOOM

Generally Conceded in the European Capitals That the Present Crisis Will Bring About the Fall of the Sultan's Domain--Greece's Power in the East Is Now Rising.

MUCH EXCITEMENT IN ENGLAND AND FRANCE

An Animated Debate in the House of Commons Shows the Tend of British Sympathy--M. Hanotaux Succeeds In Temporarily Quieting the Feeling in the Chamber of Deputies in Paris.

New York, February 23.--A special cable dispatch to The Sun from London, after referring to the animated debate in the house of commons yesterday over the Cretan question, says:

The British public is becoming daily more incensed over the eastern situation. Yesterday's bombardment led by British ships has brought the popular temper almost to the boiling point. It will not require much more to cause such an outburst of public protest as will, in effect, take the matter out of the hands of Lord Salisbury's government. Already it is necessary to appeal, every day and hour, to the popular fear of a general war in order to prevent the force of public opinion from breaking all the usual bounds.

INFFECTUAL APPEAL.

This appeal is rapidly becoming ineffectual. The people are no longer troubled when the horrors of war are described to them. As a matter of fact Lord Salisbury's government, rightly or wrongly, has no expectation that war will develop from the present situation. It follows that the gruesome language used in the house of commons regarding the dangers of the crisis is designed solely to quell the public resentment against the execrable policy which the government thinks it necessary to adopt.

IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

M. Hanotaux, in the chamber of deputies yesterday, also succeeded temporarily in quieting French opposition to the disgraceful policy which the powers are pursuing. He, like Mr. Curzon, relied upon the technical violation of international law by Greece and the insurgents for justification of the action of the powers.

It must be admitted in spite of the absolute confidence expressed in all the great capitals that the impression is growing that no progress is being made toward a practical solution of the problem in Crete. The latest news is that neither Greece nor Turkey will allow the present intolerable and indefinite situation to continue more than a day or two longer without a mutual declaration of war.

GOING TO ITS DOOM.

There is no indication yet what the powers are prepared to do in that emergency. It is probable indeed that they made no preparation for it whatever. There is one glorious certainty.

When that point is reached the Ottoman empire in Europe will speedily go to its doom beyond the possibility of restoration.

RE-ENFORCEMENT FOR GREECE

Turkish Troops Being Massed on the Frontier--An Agreement Said To Be Reached.

Constantinople, February 23--It is announced here that the Cretan difficulties have been settled upon the basis of autonomy for the island, the port nominating the governor of Crete under the assent and approval of the powers.

In view of the possibility that Greece will oppose such arrangements, large quantities of munitions of war are being hurried to the Greek frontier, and Turkish troops there are being rapidly re-enforced.

HAY PLEASES ENGLAND.

London Papers Say He Will Maintain the High Standard Set by Other American Representatives.

London, February 23--Commenting on the report that Colonel John Hay had accepted the post of American ambassador to Great Britain The Times says that his appointment may be regarded as a compliment to the British nation.

The paper dwells upon the high level of the character and capacity of the American envoys since the war and says that Colonel Hay will maintain it.

The other papers also show in their comments their pleasure at Colonel Hay's appointment.

PIUTE INDIANS RISING.

WHITE MEN KILLED SUNDAY NIGHT AND DIRE THREATS MADE.

An Appeal to the Governor of Nevada Has Been Made for Protection and Troops Will Leave Carson City Very Soon.

Carson, Nev., February 23--A telegram received yesterday by Governor Sadler from Mason Valley stated that some white men killed an Indian Sunday night and the Indians say they will kill all the white men and bury everything within reach.

The governor is asked to send fifty men at once and follow with fifty more later.

Adjutant General Gallaher and a company from Virginia will leave as soon as possible. Mason Valley is in Lyon county, about thirty miles from Carson City, on the Carson, Colorado railroad.

CALL FOR HELP.

Christian Turks in Savannah Asked To Raise Funds for the War in Crete.

Savannah, Ga., February 23--Special to The Evening Constitution.

One of Savannah's Christian Turks received a cable from Greece this morning asking him to raise all the money possible through Orient Masonic order to help them wage war against Turkey.

HARDWARE STORE ENTERED.

Thieves Get Many Pocketknives and Other Goods.

Bufalo, Ala., February 23--Special to The Evening Constitution.

The hardware store of J. L. Stiles here was entered by thieves last night.

The entire stock of pocket knives was stolen, together with other goods, making a heavy loss.

There is no clue to the robbers.

A SPRING ELECTION

Mr. A. A. DeLoach Confirms the Report That a Prohibition Election May Be Held.

HE SAYS IT IS VERY PROBABLE

Activity Among the Church People Seems To Substantiate Rumor as Given Out Yesterday.

TEMPERANCE FOLKS NOT SATISFIED

Mr. DeLoach Says They Are Now Displeased with the Actions of the Legislators on the Subject--Contest Between Now and Next Summer.

As announced exclusively in The Evening Constitution of yesterday, the temperance people are seriously considering the advisability of calling for an election on the prohibition question.

If the matter takes definite shape, as it now appears that it will, the effort will be made in the early spring, and the prohibitionists and temperance people generally will make a strong effort to precipitate an election.

"A number of people interested in the temperance movement have recently spoken to me on the subject," said Mr. A. DeLoach today in answer to an inquiry as to the exact status of the question, "and they are all in favor of calling for an election. The main reason for this movement is the fact that our legislators, whom we voted for in good faith, believing that they would support such temperance measures as came up before the legislature, seem to have taken the ground that the temperance people in voting for Senator Wright forfeited any claims that they might have had on the legislators, and they appear to have lost all interest in the passage of any laws on the line of temperance."

"The movement is still indefinite and there is no one who may be considered as leading in the agitation, but it seems to be a spontaneous feeling on the part of the temperance people generally, who are not satisfied with the course pursued by our representatives in the legislature, and who are anxious to put an end to the sale of liquor in Atlanta. If the movement takes a definite shape I think that the aims and intentions of those favoring it are to bring it on during the early spring, and I would not be surprised if the contest is brought about between now and next summer."

NO TRACE OF CAMPBELL

No trace was found of Mr. Campbell, a consular official, who was captured by the Beninites at the time of the massacre, and it is supposed that he was killed by his captors shortly after he was made a prisoner.

LAW IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL

ANTI-TRUST ACT DECIDED AGAINST BY JUDGE SWAYNE IN TEXAS.

A. ROSELLE, THE SECRETARY, REMOVED FROM OFFICE.

Credential Committee Has No Easy Matter in Reporting--Frank Burkitt Made President--Van dervoort's Greeting.

Twenty-four Hours May Mean a Great Deal in the Present Cretan Situation.

Paris, February 23--The Gaulois asserts the powers have called upon Greece to vacate Crete within twenty-four hours and that Greece has consented to do so provided the autonomy of the island is guaranteed.

Memphis, Tenn., February 23--The seventh annual meeting of the National Reform Press Association was called to order here at 11 o'clock Monday morning by President Paul Vandervoort, of Omaha, Neb. Mayor Clapp delivered an address of welcome.

The 29 delegates wrangled for nearly an hour over the appointment of a committee on credentials. While waiting for the committee to make their report the annual address of President Vandervoort was read.

The executive committee met early in the morning and removed A. Roselle, of St. Louis, from the office of secretary and treasurer and appointed J. A. Parker to fill the vacancy.

CREDENTIALS COMMITTEE.

The first business of the association's afternoon session was a report from the credentials committee. It had to operate in a chaotic condition, in view of the absence of the secretary, and the hands of dissenting Secretary Roselle, but fixed up a report by having all delegates subscribe to the constitution and by-laws.

It showed an attendance of sixty from the states of Washington, Arkansas, Kentucky, Illinois, Tennessee, Kansas, Mississippi, Missouri, Indiana, Louisiana, Texas, Iowa, North Carolina, West Virginia and Massachusetts. Due to a division of administration and by-laws a strong statement for press censor was disclosed, the purpose being to expel any editor who advocated anything save middle of the road doctrines. The question went to the committee on constitution and by-laws.

NEW PRESIDENT.

Frank Burkitt, of Omaha, was elected president by a deaf and unanimous vote.

In presenting Captain Burkitt with the president's gavel General Vandervoort said he gave it cheerfully and with the confidence that it would never be dishonored by a man who had made a gallant and brave confederate soldier.

He himself wore the blue, but he was glad to find his pal to a wearer of the gray.

A local committee of arrangement announced the prospect of an excursion to New Orleans, which will probably leave Thursday morning.

TRAVELERS ARE COMING.

Preparations Being Made for Convocation To Be Held in Atlanta.

The members of the local branch of the Travelers' Protective Association are preparing for the annual convention, which will meet here in April.

Every large city and many of the smaller ones throughout the state will be represented and many matters of importance will come up for discussion.

Among the important things to be done is the selection of delegates to the national convention, which will meet in Nashville, Tenn. In June, and Georgia will send the largest and best delegation that has ever represented the state at an annual convention.

Mr. E. E. Smith, chairman of the committees on railroads, will be present a very interesting report dealing among other subjects, with that of the proposed 5,000 mile road on which the committee has been at work for some time.

The convention will meet in the Kimball hotel and its meetings will be largely attended. There will be the usual social and perfect satisfaction to the customers.

Jud is a little fellow, in fact a child, but is already an important factor in The Evening Constitution in LaGrange.

His teacher has said, "You can't say anything too nice about Jud."

From the sale of his papers he pays his tuition and each month puts his surplus in bank. To sell papers is not all that he does.

His father is the manager of the telephone system here and Jud is often placed in charge of the central office, giving perfect satisfaction to the customers.

Jud is a little fellow, in fact a child, but is already an important factor in The Evening Constitution in LaGrange.

BENIN, CITY OF BLOOD

The British Expedition Sent To Punish Its King Has an Awful Tale To Tell.

PRIESTS ARE FOUND CRUCIFIED

The Ju Ju Houses Were Discovered Reckless with the Blood of Those Recently Beheaded.

NO TRAIL OF CAMPBELL FOUND

Drunamin, the King, Fled Before the English, but They Are in Hot Pursuit and Hope To Capture and Punish Him for the Slaughter of Their Countrymen.

Brass, Niger Coast Protectorate, February 23--The expedition which was formed to punish Drunamin, king of Benin, for the murder of the members of a peaceful British expedition which was trying to reach Benin City, has been entirely successful.

The expedition has captured Benin City and the king is a fugitive. He fled northward, but a part of the expedition is in pursuit after him and it is expected that he will be taken prisoner.

PRIEST CRUCIFIED.

A short while ago it appeared to be a certainty that Mr. Branigan's winning mate would be Mr. W. T. Gentry, but Mr. Gentry, as then stated, did not desire the office to any great extent, and the friends of Major Kendrick claimed he had been unjustly defeated at a former election by the report that he was an affectionate candidate, and they made earnest efforts to place him in the right light this time.

It was for these reasons that the political tide a few days ago took a different turn, and now all the indications point to the election of Major Kendrick along with Mr. Branigan.

THEIR TERMS EXPIRE.

No trace was found of Mr. Campbell, a consular official, who was captured by the Beninites at the time of the massacre, and it is supposed that he was killed by his captors shortly after he was made a prisoner.

W. T. GENTRY, WHO WAS SLATED AS A WINNER, HAS MANY PRESSING BUSINESS ENGAGEMENTS.

All the Political Prophets Give Out the Names of Branigan and Kendrick. The Latter's Friends Claim That He Needs vindication--Johnson Never a Candidate for Re-election.

On next Monday the election of two police commissioners will take place in the city council.

It now looks as if the two who will be chosen will be the present incumbent, Mr. J. C. A. Branigan, and Major W. J. Kendrick.

At least that is the way the political prophets put it, and from the best sources of information on the matter it seems that this is a correct prophecy.

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LOVETT BROOKINS WILL WIN

Brookins Committed a Double Murder in Jefferson County and on the Trial Was Found Guilty.

ELECTION TAKES PLACE MONDAY

Brookins Claimed That He Wanted To Get Rid of the Woman, but When He Found She Was Going To Marry Another He Raised a Row and Killed Her and Her Lover.

WAS A CASE OF JEALOUS RIVALRY

Brookins will pay the penalty of the crime of murder in Jefferson county.

Brookins is a double murderer, having killed Leila McCrary, with whom he had been living, and Sanders Oliphant, the man whom she was about to marry, one night last year at Louisville.

Brookins was a public school teacher and he and the McCrary woman had been intimate with each other for some time. After the killing Brookins claimed that he tried to get rid of the woman, but when he taunted him with threats of exposure unless he married her.

On the night in question Brookins entered the house where Leila McCrary was staying with her sister, and while there became engaged in a quarrel with Oliphant, who had called on the woman.

A FIGHT ENSUED.

A fight followed and Brookins shot and killed the woman, and in a hand to hand encounter with the man inflicted a mortal wound on him from the effects of which he died near the scene of the shooting.

Brookins was arrested, tried and found guilty of the murder of Leila McCrary, but the case was appealed to the supreme court, which heard argument in the case last week.

This morning the following decision was handed down:

Brookins v. the state. Before Judge Gamble, Jefferson superior court, Fish, J.-I. The evidence making a plain case of murder, and the statement of the accused a case of accidental homicide, which he claimed was committed while he was defending himself from an alleged felonious assault upon him by a person other than the deceased, there was no error in failing to charge the law of voluntary manslaughter. 2. There was abuse of discretion in holding that the attack upon the jury for alleged partiality was sufficiently overcome. Judgment affirmed. All concurring. Charles T. Wooten, for plaintiff in error. J. M. Terrell, attorney general, and B. T. Rawlings, solicitor general, contra.

POSTMASTER KILLED.

OPPONENTS OF A SCHOOL BURN IT AND PITCHED BATTLE FOLLOWS.

Three of the Assassins Are Now Under Arrest and Many Threats of Lynching Them Have Been Made.

They desire for themselves, their associates, successors and assigns, to be constituted a body corporate under the name of

ATLANTA DAIRY.

and by that name to acquire hold and enjoy all

FLANAGAN ON VERDICT

He Declares the Jury Did Perfectly Right in Saying He Was a Sane Man.

HE VOWS HE IS NOT A LUNATIC

He Didn't Assist His Lawyers Because They Tried to Show Him Up as a "Crazy Fool."

HE TALKS ABOUT HIS MONEY

His Reasons for Wishing To Keep Out of the Way of a Howling Mob. His Idea of the "Law Taking Its Course"—His Little Fortune Continues To Be a Source of Mental Anxiety.

Flanagan is loud in his praises of the jury which found him sane at Decatur last week. He seems to have a much better opinion of the jury than his lawyers, and states emphatically that the jury "had some sense."

A representative of The Evening Constitution was permitted to see the noted prisoner this morning. When the cell—the same Flanagan had occupied for several months—was approached, the prisoner was seen moving about in search of a match.

His face suddenly assumed an expression of interest and he came toward one iron door.

"What do you think of the outcome of your trial, Flanagan?" was asked.

"I know one thing," he replied, "and that is the jury had some sense when it said I was not crazy. I told everybody I wasn't crazy, and nobody but a fool would try to make out that I was. I did what I was obliged to do, and there was no use trying to show up before the whole world as a lunatic. I had just as much sense as anybody, and I might have tried to help those fool lawyers who wanted to do me a good turn if they had not been so ready to show me up as a crazy fool. Well, thank God, the jury had some sense and knew that I was all right."

HE FEELS BETTER.

"Flanagan, don't you feel much better now that all danger of a lynching is over, and you are, for a while at least, safe in the Fulton county jail?"

"Does any man who is in his right mind and who has justice and right on his side want a mob to hang him up like a dog for nothing? Let the law take its course and give me justice, and I will go free as the air I breathe. Let a howling mob of blood-thirsty hyenas be turned loose and I will get neither justice nor right."

"Don't you know the very money you have so anxious to save will be all gone by the time this trial is over?"

There was a twitching about his mouth as he replied: "No; they cannot take my money away from me. When I get out of here I will have the money if it costs me my life. I worked for it years and years and I don't propose to be made a pauper simply because my enemies are determined to hound me down to death. You wait until I get out of here and I will show you how to get justice by law."

With this threat he turned and walked away and could not be induced to talk further. He threw himself upon his cot, lit a cigarette and began to mumble to himself.

He is still dressed in the soiled and shabby clothes, which he has refused to take off since his arrest.

OLD WAR HORSES DINE.

Held a Banquet at the Kimball Last Evening.

The third dinner of the United States Legion occurred last evening in the Kimball hotel. The dinner was largely composed of the officers in the United States army and is very exclusive in its membership. The members sat around the table until a late hour last evening and many tales of old times were told and recalled.

Among those present were: Major Turnbull, Morgan, Porter, Wilson, Fleming, Captains of the Engineers, Cromerford, Bailey, Arthur, Romney, Carter, Clem, Sharpe, Bowden, Este, Randall and General Benet.

MUST PAY YOUR DEBTS.

Credit Men of the City Are Preparing To Force Collections.

The credit men of the city will meet this afternoon in the rooms of the chamber of commerce to discuss the question of debating the question as to whether or not a branch of the association could be formed here. It is claimed that associations are flourishing in many cities of the country and much of the abuse of the credit system done away with by forming an association. Mr. Boocock, who is secretary of the national association, will address the business men of the city tomorrow afternoon at the meeting.

SENT FREE TO MEN.

INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It.

James P. Johnston, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood has found the great remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully, but is willing to send samples of his medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak heart, venereal affection. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly on the sexual organs and development whenever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnston completely of all the ills and troubles that consume years of misuse of the sexual organs and development.

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A request to Mr. James P. Johnston, Box 100, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of the remedy, and it will be compiled with prompt and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is anxious to receive your name and the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfect mail package, so that it will need no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

Readers are requested to write without delay.



SAFE BLOWER IS SPOTTED

He Is a Noted Negro Crackerman Who Works This Section.

OFFICERS HAVE HIS PICTURE

A Photograph Made of Him in Birmingham—He Has Been Several Times Arrested, but Nothing Could Be Proven Against Him—He Is a Sleek Citizen—May Be Caught in Atlanta.

There seems to be but little doubt in the minds of the officers that the safe blower who got in his work successfully at the store of J. F. Morris, No. 70 Peters street, Friday night, has, at last been spotted.

Spotting and catching a slick rascal like a professional safe blower are two entirely different things, and while the officers feel



THE SUSPECT.

satisfied that they know who the crackerman is, they have not yet any definite hope of getting him behind the bars.

For some time past a negro safe blower has been operating in several of the southern states quite successfully, and he has made several hauls in such places as New Orleans, Mobile, Birmingham and Nashville for several days.

F. E. Wilson, of Nashville, is at the Aragon hotel today.

F. B. Cole, of Newnan, and M. R. Hudson, of Milledgeville, are numbered among the Georgians at the Marion hotel today.

G. N. Porter, of Nashville, arrived in the city this morning and will be at the Kimball for several days.

This negro was recently arrested in Birmingham, and while under detention his photograph was taken. From that photograph the picture in The Evening Constitution was made. It was impossible to get any absolute proof against the negro and he was discharged. He left Birmingham to go to Macon about two weeks ago, and it is believed he came from Macon to Atlanta.

WHAT IS HIS NAME?

Just what the negro's name is the officers have failed to ascertain, as he has sold under numerous aliases, such as "Jack Gibbs," "Bill Johnson," "Andy Flatts," etc. His real name is thought to be John Adams.

This crackerman always operates alone, having no partners and pals. When asked in Birmingham if he had any friends he replied:

"Any fellow who would be a friend to me would be ready to give me away the first time a good fat reward was offered, whether I was guilty or not. No, I ain't got any pals and don't want them."

A sharp lookout is being kept for the negro, and if he is seen he will be arrested on suspicion. It will be hard to convict him, however, as he never has any evidences of his profession about him, such as tools or letters. He doesn't mind arrest, as he has been hauled up several times only to be turned out.

She will favor the audience tonight with many selections, which will serve as a sauce for the music. The following programme will be rendered:

Medley (Arr.) (Groom)—New York male quartet.

NEW YORK MALE QUARTET.

Splendid Company Will Be Seen at the Y. M. C. A. Tonight.

The New York male quartet will be heard right at the Young Men's Christian Association. They have been in this city before and need no introduction to the lovers of good music and quartet singing.

The members of the quartet have brought with them this season a surprise for the public in the person of Miss Nellie Nichols, who is a well known and most accomplished reader on the platform.

She will favor the audience tonight with many selections, which will serve as a sauce for the music. The following programme will be rendered:

Medley (Arr.) (Groom)—New York male quartet.

The Fair Schemer" (Bunner)—Miss Nichols.

"Because I Love You, Dear" (Hawley)—Mr. Dean.

"The Phantom Band" (Thayer)—New York male quartet.

"Abe Barrow's Plea" (Adapted)—Miss Nichols.

"The Armorer's Song" (deKoven)—Mr. LaFever.

"Creole Love Song" (Smith)—New York male quartet.

"Heart's Delight" (Gilchrist)—Mr. Corbett.

"Her Favorite Story" (Adapted)—Miss Nichols.

"The Promise of Life" (Cowen)—Mr. Whinnett.

"The Silent Waterlily" (Abt)—New York male quartet.

THEY MOURN PROFESSOR WILLETT.

Local Mercer Alumni Adopts Resolutions of Respect on His Death.

At noon yesterday the Atlanta chapter of the Mercer university alumnae met in the mission rooms of the First Baptist church. The meeting was a very interesting one and a large number of the members were present.

Probably the most important thing that was done was the resolutions which were adopted on the death of Professor J. E. Willett, late of the university, and who died in this city a short time ago. The resolutions were appropriate and eulogistic of the deceased.

The committee which was appointed at the last meeting to draft a constitution reported, and after a few slight changes the report was adopted. Judge George Hillyer and Dr. A. T. Spalding were elected vice presidents and Mr. W. E. Hawkins was elected treasurer of the chapter.

It was decided to hold only two meetings each year in the future, one in this city in midwinter and the other at the university at the beginning of each commencement. It was resolved to attend the next commencement of the university, which promises to be one of the most interesting of the seasons.

The inrush was to hold only two meetings each year in the future, one in this city in midwinter and the other at the university at the beginning of each commencement. It was resolved to attend the next commencement of the university, which promises to be one of the most interesting of the seasons.

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THE EVENING CONSTITUTION
EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY.



WHAT IT COSTS

BY THE WEEK.

Delivered to subscribers - - - 10 cents

BY THE YEAR.

By Mail, postage prepaid - - - \$4.00

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Where *The Evening Constitution* is delivered by carriers collections will be made by them at my rate weekly. Where *The Evening Constitution* is delivered by mail, cash in advance is required, at the rate of \$4.00 per year, \$2.00 for six months, \$1.00 for three months, or 40 cents per month.

PERSONS

Leaving the city for a week or longer can have *THE EVENING CONSTITUTION* mailed to any address in the United States for 10 cents per week. Don't fail to do it. It will be good as a letter from home every day, except Sunday.

Nichols & Holliday, Constitution Building, Adve^{rsity} Managers for advertising outside of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., February 23, 1897.

AMERICAN SYMPATHY FOR GREECE

Without a dissenting vote the United States senate on last Saturday adopted the following resolution expressive of sympathy which Americans entertain for Greece in the present complication of affairs across the water:

"Resolved, That the senate of the United States, being mindful of the sympathy of the United States expressed for the Greeks at the time of their war for independence, now extends a like sympathy for the government of Greece with its intervention in behalf of the people of the neighboring island of Crete, for the purpose of freeing them from the tyranny of foreign oppressors and to restore peace with the blessings of Christian civilization to that distressed island."

In spite of the unanimity which characterized the senate's action the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune professes to see in the foregoing resolution an element of very great danger to this country.

It is needless to observe that the apprehensions of The Commercial-Tribune are unnecessarily aroused. In adopting such a resolution the senate has violated no rule of international propriety nor given voice to any rash or extreme sentiment. On the contrary, the action of the senate meets with the hearty approval of the American people, irrespective of party considerations. Representing a liberty-loving and God-fearing constituency the senate could hardly do less than assure Greece of the moral support and sympathy of America.

THE FAMILY STAIN.

Now that the Flanagan trial has been laid on the shelf for a season, we may study the wonderful possibilities ahead of us.

It must be a source of uneasiness to every family to feel that some time or other it will be judicially established as having been crazy. Let some member of it either now or a thousand years hence, do something out of the way, the odd quip and eccentricities of a long forgotten grandmother, or the antics of a great grandfather in his cups, will be brought up to prove that the family has always been a crazy one anyhow, and should have been in the lunatic asylum generations before.

The pity of it is that these families which are so ready to condone the fault of an erring member by besmirching the ancestral tree, do not think of looking the offender up before he visited the effect of his insanity on some one else, and thus save society from his error and their own family from the stain of lunacy.

After a while it will become necessary for families which would be considered above reproach to conduct an inquiry for lunacy on their own account, and thus establish all points of doubt in time for use when the emergency comes.

A TRAIN LOAD OF MILLIONAIRES.

The city of Brunswick was astonished the other evening to witness the unloading of a trainful of millionaires.

It is a good thing for Georgians to become accustomed to such sights as these. We have a country too-rich and too highly favored by Providence to remain in the slough long, and sooner or later we will begin to dig millions of our own out of our rich agricultural fields, our great home possibilities. If not out of our gold fields around Dahlonega and our coal fields in the opposite corner of the state.

But whether we get millionaires from this source or not every Georgian has a right to consider himself one. A free man living in Georgia among free men, breathing the pure atmosphere which the millions of a Vanderbilt or an Astor cannot buy, he has that in his possession, and after all what more can men get out of money than the enjoyment of what it brings them?

However, we are glad to welcome millionaires to Georgia. We hope that their passing through the state will free them of the ill they seek to throw off, and that when they go home they will remember us kindly, and make up their minds that the next time they move, Georgia will be their best location.

The German is a hard road to travel for the average young man.

Even a friend will not hesitate to give the parting guest a kick sometimes, as does

Facts About Cubans and Their Country.

John Trippett, when he says: "Very few men who are criticising the president could kill his shoes, and fewer still his trousers."

Ash Wednesday comes one day ahead of the 4th of March this year, and the inauguration, therefore, will be a Lenten observance.

Hon. W. H. Fleming, congressman-elect from the tenth, has been writing about pictures. He is truly at home in the world of fancy as well as the world of fact.

PROGRAMME OF THE INAUGURATION

The arrangements for the inauguration of President-elect McKinley one week from next Thursday are rapidly nearing completion, and the indications are that the ceremonies and the festivities incident to inauguration week will be more lavish than ever known.

In the decoration of the ballroom all spectacular effects will be avoided, and a more artistic and harmonious arrangement of flowers, lights and bunting will be secured. About \$10,000 will be spent by the inaugural committee in decorating the main ballroom and the private rooms set apart for the use of the presidential and vice presidential parties. The great height of the court of the pensions building where the ball will be held, will be overcome by placing footstools from the center of each of the three divisions to the top of the second gallery.

The walls and all of the smaller pillars will be covered with bunting as a background for the flowers and greens. The bunting and thousands of tiny electric flags will be used principally to bring out in great relief the floral designs. The president and vice president, with their families, will attend the ball, and will be in charge of a reception committee, of which Major General Nelson A. Miles is chairman.

The cost of tickets to the ball has been fixed at \$5 for each person and \$1 extra if supper is desired. No invitations to the ball are necessary to secure tickets, and none are issued to foreign ministers. The programme concert will consist of six selections and the dance programme will contain twenty-three numbers. The ball will be held Thursday night, and in addition a series of five inaugural grand concerts will be given in the ballroom on the following Friday and Saturday, while the ball decorations will remain in place. The concert will be given at 10:30 o'clock Friday morning, in honor of the United States army, represented by General Miles and staff.

At this concert the Republican Glee Club of Columbus, O., will sing a number of patriotic airs. At 2 o'clock Friday afternoon a concert will be given in honor of the United States navy, represented by Rear Admiral Wilkes. At 8 p.m. Friday night a concert will be given in honor of the governors of the states and their staffs. The concert Saturday afternoon will be in honor of congress, represented by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house. The last, or fourth, Saturday night will be in honor of the army of the United States, and will consist of music by the Twenty-second regiment band and a chorus of 500 voices. Admission to each concert will be 50 cents.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Pennsylvania national guard finds it impossible to attend the inauguration, the probabilities are that the parade will be very large. General Horace Porter, of New York, with the members of his staff, is arranging the divisions. General Porter will act as grand marshal and will have A. Noel Blakeman, C. C. Conner, United States army, an adjutant general, and Captain John C. Johnston, United States army, as chief of staff, with Captain William Edward Horton, of the District of Columbia national guard, as special aid and military secretary.

The parade will be organized in two grand divisions, one civic and the other military. General Granville M. Dodge will be chief marshal of the first grand division, to be composed of military organizations. He will have as his chief of staff General Huludeker, of New York, and Colonel Joseph P. Sanger, of the United States army, as chief of staff. The military grand division will be divided into four grand divisions. The first division will be organized into two brigades, the first comprising United States troops, as well as the naval battalions, commanded by Major General Wesley Merritt, of the United States army.

It is needless to observe that the apprehensions of The Commercial-Tribune are unnecessarily aroused. In adopting such a resolution the senate has violated no rule of international propriety nor given voice to any rash or extreme sentiment. On the contrary, the action of the senate meets with the hearty approval of the American people, irrespective of party considerations.

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The parade will be organized in two grand divisions, one civic and the other military. General Granville M. Dodge will be chief marshal of the first grand division, to be composed of military organizations. He will have as his chief of staff General Huludeker, of New York, and Colonel Joseph P. Sanger, of the United States army, as chief of staff. The military grand division will be divided into four grand divisions. The first division will be organized into two brigades, the first comprising United States troops, as well as the naval battalions, commanded by Major General Wesley Merritt, of the United States army.

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SPANIARDS DRIVEN FROM STRONGHOLDS

Cubans Make a Night Attack on Artemisa and Capture Three Forts, Which Were Blown Up and Destroyed, the Spanish Loss Being Over Three Hundred Men.

CUBANS ARE BECOMING MORE REVENGEFUL

They Send Back the Ears of Captured Guerrillas, Greatly Incensed Over the Recent Sale of Cuban Women and Girls, Which Took Place in a Spanish Camp.

Other News from the Seat of War.

New York, February 23.—A dispatch to The World from Havana via Jacksonville says:

News was received late Sunday night of an attack on Artemisa by portions of General River's forces, in which the Spanish forces occupying two of the forts were forced to retreat and the forts were blown up and destroyed.

The Cubans advanced near night fall, their advance being discovered just as they reached the outer intrenchments. The Spaniards poured in a hot fire, but the Cubans relied on their machetes and fiercely dashed in.

SPANISH RANKS BROKEN.

The fierceness of the charge broke the Spanish ranks and the troops fled into the second fort, a triangular earthwork, closely followed by the victorious Cubans. Here a most sanguinary fight occurred, the soldiers struggling together in a hand-to-hand combat for some time.

The Spaniards finally retreated, though in good order, to a third fortification, whose strength was such that the Cubans did not dare attack it.

Looting the Spanish camps in the forts, many of the stores and two Spanish storehouses in the town, the Cubans retired.

It is reported that the Cubans lost 123 men wounded or killed, while the Spanish loss was more than 300.

SEND BACK THEIR EARS.

The Cubans captured eighteen guerrillas and the next day sent back their ears, it is asserted, to the Spanish commander with the message that all Spanish dogs who butcher and sell Cuban women should be served in that way.

It is understood that the captured men were tortured.

The Cubans there are greatly incensed over a recent sale of Cuban girls in a Spanish camp and see no opportunity for revenge.

LEE'S RESIGNATION.

Manner of This Government's Treatment of His Request and Advice on the Cause of It.

New York, February 23.—A dispatch from Key West says:

Consul General Lee, as was reported yesterday, has resigned.

He determined some time ago that unless certain urgent requests of his were granted he would leave Cuba and the final slitting of his asking for instructions for the demand of the release of all Americans imprisoned in Cuba was the last act he would quietly submit to.

It has been long known that the policy of the present administration in dealing with the various Cuban outrages that have occurred has been very trying to self-respect and his ideas of national honor.

Consul General Lee has also asked that warships be sent to Cuba, but this has been left unconsidered by the state department and the situation has been too galling to him to quietly submit to.

He, therefore, believed that his only course was to resign, which he has done.

His resignation is now on its way to Washington by mail.

It is understood, however, that certain conditions are mentioned under which it may be withdrawn.

SHERMAN SEES OLNEY.

The Next Secretary of State Questions the Retiring One About State of Cuban Affairs.

Washington, February 23.—Secretary Olney spent an hour in his office yesterday assorting his private papers, which were being boxed for transportation to Boston.

Senator Sherman, his successor, expectant, interrupted him for a few moments to inquire whether anything unusually aggravating had occurred in regard to our

THE INFLUENCE

of the Mother shapes the course of unborn generations—goes sounding through all the ages and enters the confines of Eternity. With what care, therefore, should the Expectant Mother be guarded, and how great the effort to ward off danger and make her life joyous and happy.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

allays all Nervousness, relieves the Headache Cramps, and Nausea, and so fully prepares the system that Childbirth is made easy and the time of recovery shortened—many say "stronger after than before confinement." It insures safety to life of both mother and child. All who have used "Mother's Friend" say they will never be without it again. No other remedy robes confinement of its pain.

"A customer whose wife used 'Mother's Friend,' says that if she had to go through the ordeal again, she would buy four bottles before he obtained, and the cost was \$100.00 per bottle, he would have them." GEO. LAYTON, Dayton, Ohio.

Send by Mail on receipt of price \$1.00 PER BOTTLE. Books on "MOTHER'S FRIEND" mailed free upon application containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

MADE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

GOV. BUSHNELL SPEAKS.

SAYS HE HAD DETERMINED ON HANNA'S APPOINTMENT LONG AGO.

He Has Written to Hanna, but Has Not Received Reply—A Personal Friend of His and He Has Known Him Long Time.

Cincinnati, O., February 22.—Governor Asa S. Bushnell, who attended the sessions of the Sons of the Revolution yesterday, was asked to say something about his announcement concerning Mr. Hanna. "Well, I had really determined upon the appointment of Mr. Hanna some time ago," he said, "but I could not appoint him as there was no vacancy, but the interest in the matter became so great I considered that it would ease the public mind and be in the interest of harmony in the republican party to make the announcement of my intention."

"I have not heard from Mr. Hanna, as I wrote him and mailed the letter Sunday night. He would get it this morning. Mr. Hanna has been my personal friend for many years, and I make the announcement of his coming appointment with great satisfaction."

"Yes, Mr. Kurtz has been considered as have several others, probably a half dozen names. But Mr. Kurtz never announced himself as a candidate. What was done for him was done entirely by his friends, who wanted to see him go to the senate."

"Lieutenant Governor Jones was also considered, but he asked that his name be withdrawn from consideration. So it is a mistake to say that only Mr. Hanna and Mr. Kurtz had been considered. There was no deal and there are no factional differences."

NEW FOREST RESERVATIONS

THE PRESIDENT SETS ASIDE THIRTEEN NEW ONES.

Does This on Washington's Birthday and on the Recommendation of Secretary Francis—All Situated in the West.

Washington, February 22.—President Cleveland celebrated the 186th anniversary of the birth of the first president of the republic by issuing thirteen executive orders which are far-reaching in their effect and will be remembered for many years to come.

On the recommendation of Secretary Francis and a forestry commission of the National Academy of Sciences, the president, on February 22, 1897, signed and promulgated thirteen proclamations establishing thirteen additional forest reservations containing an aggregate area of 21,379,840 acres.

The reservations are in South Dakota, Wyoming, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Utah and California.

CUBANS CAPTURE BAYAM.

Discontent in Spanish Army on Account of Non Arrival of Pay.

Havana, February 22.—The large arrears of pay which is due the army in Cuba, and the discontent caused by this, has culminated in open disobedience to the Spanish tanks to the Cienfuegos district.

The insurgents in the eastern end of the island have captured Bayam, an important town in Santiago.

GEORGIA COLLEGES RECOGNIZED.

Mr. Donald Harper Has Been Honored by the French Government.

It has been said that no diploma from a southern university would receive recognition in Europe, except that of the University of Virginia.

The principal argument is fallacious and also that no distinction is made between southern and northern universities, is proven by the official recognition on February 4, 1897, by the French government through its minister of public instruction, Monsieur Rambaud, of Mr. Donald Harper, who graduated at the University of Virginia, of arts course, and also at the University of Georgia, where he took bachelor of laws.

It is said that General Gomez is waiting there for General Garcia.

The insurgent forces of General Anguera and Castillo met in the province of Matanzas a strong body of the Cuban army coming from Las Villas. The gathering of so many insurgents gave rise to the false report that General Gomez was in the province of Matanzas.

At Perico Paso, province of Pinar del Rio, the Spanish Colonel Recio was defeated by the Cubans. He left on the field fourteen men killed and forty wounded besides a large quantity of arms and ammunition. Among the Spanish wounded ten are officers. The Cubans had eight killed.

General Piu is about to return to Spain for the same official reason that General Gomez had gone back—for his health. The truth is that he also had a quarrel with General Weyler.

INCURRED WEYLER'S ANGER.

Laine, Who Has Been in a Spanish Prison in Cuba, Has Been Released.

New York, February 22.—Among the passengers arriving on the steamer Vigilancia from Havana was Francois H. Laine.

He is thirty-two years of age and a native of France. Laine was liberated from the Cabanas prison in Havana eight days ago where he had been held a prisoner for over thirteen months. He regained his liberty through the efforts of the French consul at Havana.

He was originally sentenced to thirty years imprisonment and it was only after urgent appeals to the authorities at Madrid that he finally succeeded in getting his release from prison.

Laine states that he did nothing to cause his arrest, but incurred the displeasure of General Weyler, who would have sent him to a penal colony had not the Madrid government ordered his release.

BERMUDA MAKING READY.

It Is Believed She Is Preparing for Another Filibustering Expedition.

Halifax, N. S., February 22.—A special agent from Bermuda states that the steamer Bermuda, of filibustering notoriety, arrived there Sunday from Philadelphia with a cargo of coal consigned to Mayer & Co., St. George's.

The trip is suspected to be the first step in a filibustering expedition and she is being closely watched by the military authorities.

It is reported the officers in command of the forts have received orders to fire on the Bermuda should she attempt to leave the harbor without proper clearance papers.

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SPECIAL SALE

Of Plain and Mohair, Silk, Linen, Cotton, Cashmere, Wool, Flax, and Viscose. Silk Wraps and Armchair coverings all qualities, from the cheapest All-wool Serge to the finest.

At TAYLOR'S,
240 Marietta St., at Foundry.



DR. RICARDO RUIZ,

The American Citizen Whose Butchery in a Spanish Prison Has Brought on Serious Complications Between This Country and Spain.

AN INCREASE OF THE NAVY

Over a Million and a Half Dollars More Appropriated for Next Year Than for the Past Year.

PAY-ROLL HAS BEEN ENLARGED

FORAKER IS DISSATISFIED

HAS NOT SUBMITTED GRACEFULLY TO HANNA'S APPOINTMENT.

And the Result Will Be That He and Chairman Kurtz Will Be Shut Out in the Distribution of Offices Under McKinley.

Columbus, O., February 22.—Both Senator Foraker and State Chairman Kurtz are showing, by refusing to endorse the selection of M. A. Hanna to succeed Mr. Sherman in the senate as announced by Governor Bushnell last night, that the selection is displeasing to them.

A credible report is in circulation here to the effect that Col. Weyler's influence was thrown to Hanna in the consideration of the national finance committee.

If this is true Senator Foraker will be shut out completely in the distribution of offices under McKinley and the whole matter controlled by Senator Hanna and George B. Cox.

DR. PARKHURST ILL.

OVERWORK CAUSES COLLAPSE AND REST IS PRESCRIBED.

He Has Been Working Very Hard of Late and Contracted What He Believed To Be a Cold, but is Nervous Prostration.

New York, February 23.—Nervous collapse, caused by overwork, is the physician's diagnosis of the case of Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst, who has been seriously ill for over a week in his home here.

There was a slight change for the better in the doctor's condition Monday, but his mental and physical condition are acutely affected and it will probably be a long time before he can return to his pulpit.

Dr. Parkhurst's friends and relatives have been worried about him for some time and they predicted time and again a nervous collapse, due to excessive labor.

The doctor reached home a week ago Friday thoroughly worn out, saying that he feared he had contracted a bad cold. So ill was he, in fact, that Mrs. Parkhurst insisted on his remaining at home on the following day to take a much needed rest.

The doctor also submitted to be examined by the family physician, Dr. Beebe, who said the symptoms resembled somewhat those of grip, but that in this case the trouble was nervous collapse, brought on overwork.

Dr. Beebe prescribed perfect rest and quiet for an indefinite period.

ANOTHER CABINET MEMBER.

A New Portfolio May Be Created and Another Place May Have To Be Filled by New President.

Baltimore, February 23.—Captain George Johnson, of New York, a member of the resolutions committee of the National Association of Manufacturers, who is in the city for a few days, is authority for the statement that Senator Frye's bill to establish a department of commerce and manufactures, now pending in the United States senate, will be passed by congress and that the additional member of President-elect McKinley's official family has already been chosen.

The head of the new department, it is said, will be Mr. John H. Converse, president of the Baldwin Locomotive works, of Philadelphia. He has been tendered the place by Major McKinley, it is asserted, contingent on the passage and approval of the bill.

The committee for various reasons that seem to it to carry great weight, deems it expedient at this time and hopes it will not prove necessary to provide for the construction, purchase or lease of a gov-

THE VOTE TO DATE FOR MOST POPULAR SCHOOL

Calhoun Street School Increases Its Lead Over the Walker Street, and There Is a General Upward Movement All Along the Line.

THE OFFICIAL BALLOT:

The Evening Constitution School Contest.

TUESDAY, FEB. 23.

Name of School.....
Name of Pupil.....
Pupil's Address.....

The voting yesterday in the contest for Atlanta's most popular public school was very lively, the Calhoun Street School once more increasing its lead, while the Walker Street did practically nothing. The Boys' High, the Crew, the Fair and the Boys' Night all were heavily supported, and all are running along pretty evenly. It looks like they were content for the Calhoun to set the pace. The vote at midnight stood:

THE VOTE TO DATE.

Calhoun Street.....	1,333	Marietta Street.....	338
Walker Street.....	1,179	Ira Street.....	227
Boys' High.....	1,082	Ivy Street.....	133
Crew Street.....	724	West End.....	131
Fair Street.....	565	Boulevard.....	101
Boys' Night.....			



THE FIGHTERS IN TRAINING

Fitz Takes to the Road and Jim Sticks to Handball.

WOMEN WANT TO SEE MILL

Dan Stuart Is Thinking Over the Proposition To Admit the Fair Sex and May Give In-Corbett Is Wearing Out His Trainers—Some Lively Fighting in Philadelphia, Buffalo and New York.

Carson, Nev., February 23.—Bob Fitzsimmons came into Carson early Monday morning and spent a few hours in shopping and handshaking. Ernest Roeder and Dan Hickey were put to work setting up the Cornishman's training apparatus in position at Cook's ranch. When Bob returned in the evening he warmed up for a few minutes with Hickey and took a short turn at the punching bag. His work will be very light for a few days until he becomes accustomed to the atmosphere.

What little he performed today did not seem to worry his breathing apparatus appreciably and the Australian protests that he does not feel any distressing effect after exertion. His chief concern is regarding the weather. Unless he can get a smile on the road every day he feels that time is being wasted. Work on his half-track is being rushed.

Corbett put in a hard day's work. Up before 8 o'clock, he took a light breakfast, before wearing out his brother Joe at handball. Billy Woods was harnessed up in his life preserver and chest protector and punched about the court until he could no longer carry his trappings. McVey is still under blankets. Every visitor is invited to play handball or take a few drives at the champion with gloves, but volunteers are not plentiful.

Two hours of handball, boxing and bag-punching attracted a large crowd of spectators to the quarters in the afternoon, among them being a number of ladies. Secretary Wheelock has on file letters from men of more or less prominence in every state in the union asking that women be admitted to the carnival. A meeting of Stuart's advisers will shortly be held to consider the matter.

The mercury yesterday ranged from 8 below zero at daybreak to forty above at 4 p.m. A fall to 15 below is predicted for the night.

SPIKE SULLIVAN WINS.

Knocks Out Joe Flaherty in the Fifth Round Before the Olympic Club, of Buffalo, N. Y.

Buffalo, February 23.—"Spike" Sullivan, of Boston, knocked out Joe Flaherty, of Lowell, Mass., in the fifth round before the Olympic Athletic Club last night. The contest was a fierce one from the start, both men landing hard and often; the mix-ups being particularly savage. Honors were pretty even for the first rounds, but Sullivan's heavy blows on the wind and jaw weakened Joe considerably. He was full of fight, however, to the end.

The next pair were Eddy Dally, of Baltimore, and Gilbert Goulette, of Duluth. The boys were extremely clever. Goulette won in the seventh round on a foul.

KIDNAPED WRESTLERS.

Sophmores Fatten the Princeton Freshmen Wrestlers and Get Them All Out of Condition.

Princeton, N. J., February 23.—Both of the freshmen wrestlers who were kidnapped Sunday were found yesterday, and one entered the contest. The lightweight wrestler was taken from his room on the campus, driven to the junction and sent with three sophomores to New Brunswick, where arrangements had been made for his reception.

The freshman wrestler was just within the limit of weight when he was taken away, and by good treatment, plenty of rich food and nothing to do the sophomores got his weight eight pounds over the lightweight limit. When he returned yesterday wrestling was out of the question.

The middleweight wrestler got away from his captors early in the morning and was able to enter the bout against the sophomore but lost. The sophomores won the wrestling contest, but it is thought that the tables would have been turned had the first choice for lightweight wrestling been allowed to enter the bout. No one has been summoned before the faculty for the kidnapping, but trouble is undoubtedly in store for the sophomores.

HANDLER BEST'S GIBBONS.

Knocks the Paterson Lad Out in the Fifteenth Round—Some Other Decisions.

New York, February 23.—The twenty-round boxing contest at 138 pounds between Austin Gibbons, of Paterson, N. J., and Jimmy Handler, of Newark, N. J., at the Broadway Club last night, resulted in a victory for Handler, who knocked Gibbons out in the fifteenth round.

The ten-round contest between Jack Norton, of New York, and Joe Elms, colored, of Boston, at 112 pounds, resulted in a victory for Elms, and the ten-round bout at 122 pounds, between Eddie Hayes and Sam

JACK PRINCE, CYCLISTS' FRIEND

Well Known Sporting Man Is at Work for the Wheelmen.

CYCLE CIRCLE IS COMPLETED

It Will Include Atlanta, Memphis, Nashville, Chattanooga and Montgomery—Season Will Open Soon and the Races Will Continue for Several Months.

Jack Prince is the best friend to the bicyclists in the south. He has interested himself in their welfare, and proposes to do everything in his power for their amusement and entertainment this spring and summer.

Mr. Prince is the originator and promoter of the southern bicycle circuit, which will open in Memphis on the 2d and 3d of April, and continue throughout the next seven months.

There are five live cities included in the bicycle circuit, which will contribute to its support. The cities are Memphis, Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Montgomery. These cities are located almost in a circle and it will not be the slightest trouble to make the circuit every eleven days, as is contemplated by Mr. Prince.

It is the intention of Mr. Prince to give



JOHN S. PRINCE,
Who Is Organizing a Southern Bicycle Circuit for the Summer Months.

the southern circuit his entire time and attention, and every time the races come off here he will be in Atlanta to personally manage and direct them.

ALL RACES TO BE AT NIGHT

The building which will be used for the races here is one of the largest of the exposition buildings at Piedmont park, and it will be fitted up with fifty arc lights. All the races will occur at night and it is believed that this will serve to bring out hundreds of society people and others who will be free from business cares and duties and that the coliseum will be packed every evening when the races are in progress.

In each of the five cities Mr. Prince has met with great encouragement and he believes that the southern circuit is going to be the most successful bicycle circuit in existence this season. The people are greatly enthused over the prospects and will not be backward about giving aid which the promoter may need.

Mr. Prince is now in Memphis, but he will return to Atlanta in a few weeks and will bill the city for the opening races on April 9th and 10th, at which time he expects many visitors and intends to start things off with a rush.

DEATH OF MRS. BURCKHALTER.

An Aged and Well-Known Lady Passes Away.

Mrs. Mary H. Burckhalter, aged seventy-seven years, died yesterday at the residence of her son, Mr. W. R. Burckhalter, 436 Washington street. She had been suffering with a cancer for a long time, and for the past few months had been growing steadily worse.

She had lived in this city for many years and was well known to almost all of the old residents. She is survived by three granddaughters and one grandson. Mrs. J. C. Matthews, of Augusta, and Mrs. Sallie Burckhalter and Miss Hattie Hudson are her granddaughters.

Mrs. Burckhalter was the widow of the late J. H. Burckhalter, who was well known in this city previous to his death, and who was a railroad contractor for many years. Her remains were taken last night to Wiliston, S. C., at which place the funeral services and interment will occur today.

The corporation of the Massachusetts Institute will not attempt to fill the place of the late President Francis A. Walker at present. Professor James M. Crafts, of the department of chemistry, has been chosen president of the faculty, and the heads of the various departments will be expected to attend to them. This had been the policy under General Walker's administration.

The approach of the centenary of the high school caused a Paris newspaper to interview the literary and artistic celebrities of the metropolis on the subject. Theoline headgear, Jules Lemaitre, the critic and dramatist, says it is neither ornamental nor practical, and Clarette pronounces it "ugly, inconvenient, heavy, and headache-producing." Carous Duran calls it "the last word of the horrible." The general consensus of opinion is emphatically against the "beaver."

Applies the Food of the Gods.

Chemically the apple is composed of vegetable fiber, allum, sugar, gum, chlorophyll, malic acid, gallic acid, tannin and water. Furthermore, the apple contains a larger percentage of phosphorus than any other fruit or vegetable. The phosphorus is admirably adapted for renewing the elastic tissue of the body, especially the brain and spinal cord. It is perfectly safe for this reason—though but rudely understood—that the Scandinavian traditions represent the apple as the food of the gods, who, when they felt themselves to be growing feeble and infirm, resorted to this fruit to renew their power of mind and body.

In Kamtschatka the inner bark of the pine is macerated in water, then pounded and made into a kind of substitute for bread, without any admixture of flour.

AT THE THEATERS

PRIMROSE AND WEST TONIGHT.

George Wilson, the highest salaried and most popular of minstrel performers, is one of the leading comedians of Primrose and West's minstrels, which company will appear tonight at the Lyceum theater. Mr. Wilson has been at the head of a company of his own for a number of years, but the recent offer of Messrs. Primrose and West for the exclusive use of his services was too tempting to resist. Mr. Wilson has a repertoire of new songs and jokes the added public.

Mr. Dorney is a thorough insurance man, highly honored and popular among his army of assistants and he follows in his liberal and progressive methods the great company of which he is superintendent.

ED HOOKS MAKES BOND.

The Young Man Released Yesterday Afternoon.

EDWARD L. HOOKS, the young man who has been confined in the Fulton county jail for the past few days on the warrant sworn out by the Seaboard Air-Line railroad several years ago, was released yesterday afternoon on a \$1,000 bond.

The signor was Mr. P. E. Griggs. The first bond which Hooks was compelled to give and on which he was surrendered a few days ago, was \$5,000, but the friends of the young man induced Judge Candler to reduce the amount to \$1,000. It is not likely that Hooks will ever be troubled about the matter again, as the officials of the Seaboard Air-Line show a decided disinclination to prosecute him and the entire case will probably be dropped.

At night Mr. Young will present "David Copperfield."

EDWARD L. HOOKS.



The Repose of Vere de Vere.

A certain fashionable doctor has announced to the world that American women are notably lacking in that repose which marks the casts of *Vere de Vere*. He says that they are well educated, well dressed and attractive, but they are the most nervous creatures in the world. There is a perpetual unrest and jerkiness in their manner which is a weariness to their fellow men.

The doctor, who has evidently had unpleasant experiences with nervous patients, says that it is tiresome to watch our women perpetually moving like gnats dancing up and down in the sunshine. They expend so much energy in talking and walking—so much unnecessary energy—that it is not any wonder they have nervous broods, and are dyspeptic and sallow and wrinkled by the time they are thirty-five. And the reason is they are not reposeful enough.

The doctor is right about it, probably, but he should remember that this is not a *Vere de Vere* age we live in. There is no repose in our great city centers or life. It might be easy to affect the dignified *Vere de Vere* gait if we lived in immense, quiet houses, where we could sit in high-backed, high-heeled slippers, rode in coaches and had plenty of time in which to amble along the primrose paths with grace.

But pray consider the jolting street cars, the roaring, rumbling trains, the bicycles, the rush and hurry of this day in the youngest and most vigorous of great republics, and say if the atmosphere is favorable to this air and grace of the *Vere de Vere* type. Of course there are exceptional cases of the *Vere de Vere* type, but they are probably those women who have wealth and leisure and a desire to make a specialty of that life, so to speak. When this wild, mad chase for money slows down and we have time to look around us a bit we will see what we can do in the way of the *Vere de Vere* perhaps.

But the doctor is probably in attributing this lack of repose especially to American women. A recent writer says that there is a deplorable lack of it in European aristocratic circles. An indication of the truth of this is found in the fact that the remark of a cynical Frenchman to the effect that he could always tell the difference between an actress and a countess by the superior refinement and good breeding of the actress was applauded.

Apropos of all this a funny little story is told, which runs in this wise:

"Not long ago an English dame of the old school, who had brought up her daughters in the traditional, admirable, insular and essentially British manner, got into a first-class carriage on the Dover Mall with two of those daughters, and they arranged themselves in the neat, orderly, British fashion. Hardly had the three seated when a party dashed down to the platform talking and laughing, calling each other 'Billy' and 'Nell' and 'Tommy' and 'Polly,' and saying goodby in noisy fashion to one of the lot, who was evidently not to accompany the rest.

"My dears," said the British matron, chiding with disapproval, "those dreadful creatures are coming in here. They are evidence of American ways. Do not you consent parents to them to escape an acquaintance. I am told that they are most objectionable in that way." As the strangers scrambled in, and the guard slammed the door, maternitatis and her girls glared haughtily at the intruders, one of whom said pleasantly: "I fear we are crowding you, but there was no other carriage or hotel to take here." The British dame, to the presumed American who, like naughty children, seemed greatly diverted by the situation, and rather tried to increase the ire of their compatriots de voyage by an overflow of hilarity.

"At Dover the two parties stopped at the same hotel, and crossed the next morning to Calais. But what a transformation! The British matron met the noisy young folks with a smile and a bow, to which a supercilious stare was the only response. The prim daughters proffered rugs and other comforts, which were curtly refused. What was the cause of this sudden turning of the tables? Merely that the English matron, with the curiously characteristic of her class, had examined the hotel register, and to her dismay had read 'Lord and Lady Fitznoland,' the Duke of Mayfair and 'The Hon'ble Maud Highflyer.' The smartest of the smart set in London! The intimate friends of H. R. H.! The people of all others that they were most dying to know!"

The McKinley Jacket.

Mrs. McKinley has begun to undergo the penalty of royalty." She has a jacket named after her and a linen collar. Soon there will be a Mrs. McKinley hat. But one thing at a time is enough. The collar is part of the jacket; it goes with it, and both come as one.

This jacket is a little longer than waist length. It is tight fitting at the back and very flaring at the hips. Its sleeves are the new lined balloon sleeves with all the fullness crowded at the top.

The distinguished characteristic of the jacket is that it is trimmed with broad black braiding put on in double-breasted style. The buttons are placed upon small braided tabs.

The linen collar is remarkable for its height and neatness. It hugs the chin closely. It is designed for slender-throated women, like the new president's wife, and is not nearly so becoming to women with full fat throats, unless the neck happens to be long.

Mrs. McKinley's own jacket is of a dark blue and brown plaid, but others are of black and brown; and still others have a touch of white in them.

Kindergartens.

The Rome Georgian has the following interesting news about kindergartens, and free schools:

"The children who attend these schools have become the educators of their parents and are child reformers. The ideas of cleanliness, order and how to see and how to think are carried home, and the ignorant parents become interested. Dr. Henry, president of the Teachers' college, says: 'The teachers for the schools should be of

the sort who will not fall in school teaching methods; not get in the way of taking from the child its individuality. They must have above all the mother spirit and combine instinct with insight.'

"Freebel, the great originator of the kindergarten system, says: 'It shall give them employment suited to their nature, strengthen their bodies, exercise their senses, employ their waking minds, make them acquainted judiciously with nature'

fondness for setting spots upon his clothing. Vest and collar of marine blue serge can be alternated with the white, and will be found most serviceable; or, on a very patriotic occasion, like Washington's birthday, a red vest should be worn."

Cookery Classes for Men.

From Lady's Pictorial.

Moved with compassion for the lonely bachelor in a flat, who is either driven

to eat or thrown on the tender mercies of the caretaker, a teacher of the culinary art has started, I see, cookery classes for men. Ladies are, of course, admitted to these lectures as well, the term bachelor applying nowadays to the solitary women of Flatland as well as to males."

IN LOCAL SOCIETY.

Miss Annie Wright is spending the week in Athens.

Miss Nellie Forbes spent Monday in the city.

Mrs. Orlando McLendon spent Saturday in the city.

Miss Ellen Hillier is visiting friends in Athens.

Messrs. Nixon and Morse, of Emory college, spent Sunday and Monday in the city.

Miss Florence McElwee, of Athens, Tenn., spent Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. Nixon, at the Kimball house.

Miss Lassiter, who has been visiting Miss Alice May Holbrook, has returned to her home in Augusta.

Dr. F. A. Wynn, a prominent young physician of Rome, who has until recently, been associated with Dr. Henry Battye, is visiting friends in the city.

The Thrift Music Club will hold its first regular meeting one week from this evening in the Phillips & Crew's music hall. An interesting programme will be given.

Messages come from Mrs. William Dickson, who is one of the high officials present at the Daughters of the American Revolution congress in Washington, saying that the entertainments being given the D. A. R. members are most brilliant and interesting.

Mrs. Alida Tenney, the beautiful daughter of Mrs. George Oliver Tenney, gave an entertainment last Friday. It was the occasion of her twelfth birthday. A number of her young friends were present and enjoyed the occasion very much.

Mrs. B. W. Wren, who has been visiting Mrs. Charles Summer Clark in Pittsburgh and Mrs. H. B. Plant in New York, will be at the Kimball this month. After

the foot was a broad band of black satin, put on as though it was a facing. There was no "binding" visible, but the collar was wide of black satin, had a vest of softest nickel silk gathered full under a broad velvet belt. Great sleeve puffs of the black satin reached to the elbow.

A very dressy addition was given the bust by a tiny bolero and collette of white satin embroidered in seed pearls, edged with jet. The pearls, which could be imitated, by the way, nicely in wax beads, were sewed in conventional designs and in the center of each figure was a large jet ornament. At the neck was a knot of satin ribbon setting up in the throat like a stock.

Fauntry to Date.

The small boy has a more grown-up look than when Mrs. Burnett made a Fauntry of him years ago. Fauntry suits are still made, but, like other suits, the styles change.

A Fauntry party suit for a boy of six was of white serge, with pin stripes of marine blue in groups of three. The little suit was cut sailor pattern, with sleeves big enough to be almost girlish.

The collar of this suit was of white silk with a border in marine blue upon the corners. A very full collar of white serge gave a very dressy appearance to the little suit. The trousers were long, as is the style now in all suits for boys over three years old.

It might be added that boy's collar and vest could be taken out, and renewed should the boy show an un-Fauntry

a short stay in the city she expects to join Colonel Wren in Florida.

Among the pleasant entertainments yesterday in honor of the national holiday was a delightful card pulling given by Miss Louie Bandie, Ginn, of the little school class. The occasion was made charming by many interesting devices of the young hostess, and was greatly enjoyed by the small guests. Among those present were Misses Virgil White, Willie Boone, Minnie Giddins, Magnolia Goodwin, Alice Allen, Julia Humpries, Nellie Hartson, Emma Grant, Mamie Grant, Sallie Giddins, Eloise McLain, Cecil Allen and Master Horace McHan.

A delightful birthday party was given last evening by Mr. Ralph Black. It was in many ways one of the most unique and enjoyable entertainments to be imagined. The fact that it was given on the 10th anniversary of "his father's birthday" made many interesting features possible and appropriate. The entertainment was given at the home of Mrs. Peter's grandmother, the young host. The floral decorations, which were superb, were from Mrs. Peter's greenhouse, and consisted principally of palms. Supplementing the flowers were a small United States flag. The supper table was decorated in the most beautiful fashion. The flowers were red and white carnations, tied with blue ribbons. The center piece was a small cherry tree with a hatchet at the foot of it. A large candlestick with sixteen candles, signifying the number of years the young hostess has lived, was a feature of the menu served.

The reception committee was composed of Miss Louise Black, Mr. Logan Clark, Miss Susan Calhoun, Mr. Austell Thornton, Miss Myrtle Scott. Dancing was one of the pleasant features of the evening.

The younger members of society gave a delightful dance at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Amorous last evening.

Miss Annie Fitten is spending a few days at home. She will return to Athens next week.

Mrs. J. Frank Meador has gone to Marion to visit her uncle, Mr. William Lee Ellis, for a week.

Miss Annie Lou Hawkins is spending a few days at home.

The Ladies Auxiliary and Ladies' Aid Society of St. Philip's cathedral, will give an elaborate reception in the chapel tomorrow evening. Bishop and Mrs. Nelson and Rev. and Mrs. Knight will assist in receiving.

Miss Lucy Peel will not return from New Orleans until after mardi gras.

MEN AND WOMEN.

William Waldorf Astor owns 4,000 houses in New York city, and has an income of more than \$6,000,000 a year.

Representative Bellamy S. Sutton has introduced a bill in the Indiana legislature on compelling the housekeepers of that state to print their bills of fare in English. "I object," he said in a speech supporting the bill, "to having the only name down on a hotel bill for goose livers to be patty day for grassy."

Judge Pritchard, who has been re-elected senator from North Carolina, was one of two senators to be sent from the Blue Ridge mountains to seek their fortunes twenty-three years ago. The entire worldly possessions of the pair it is said, consisted of a silver dime, a bottle of brandy and some pones of corn bread.

French detectives, as well as English, watch over the safety of Queen Victoria while she is on the continent. The Empress Eugenie, who has recently been in Paris, is shadowed by a faithful Corsair.

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Jo Day's Stock and Cotton Reports

LIVERPOOL IMPROVED NEW YORK IS HIGHER

Fluctuations Cover a Narrow Range---Stocks Higher but Dull---Wheat Active and a Fraction Lower.

COTTON.

Spots in Liverpool opened quiet but firm with sales of 8,000 bales at 3 29-32d for middling. The second cable quoted an advance of 1 32d and additional sales of 2,000 bales; middling 3 15-16; sales, 10,000 bales.

Arrivals opened quiet and steady at about 1/2 point advance, the second cable quoting a further advance of 1 point. The close was steady at 1 point improvement over yesterday's close.

New York has had two days' rest, but the market has been quiet. The second cable morning barely responded to Liverpool's advance. March opened at \$90, against \$86 at the close on Saturday. There was a feeble advance later, that option selling up to \$92 after which the price receded to \$88, and afterwards sold up to \$86. Tomorrow notice day on March.

May opened at 67, against 67 at the close on Saturday, advanced to 67 1/2, declined to 66 and at noon ruled at 66.

Liverpool cables that the market there improved on a more favorable outlook in the political news and on more favorable news from Manchester.

The following are the receipts at the ports today compared with the same day last year:

	1896	1895
Galveston	5,450	1,724
New Orleans	8,048	5,248
Mobile	1,203	260
Savannah	1,307	2,851
Charleston	29	1,567
Norfolk	1,000	2,124
Montgomery	469	186
Augusta	529	146

Estimated receipts at New Orleans tomorrow, 2,000 to 2,400 bales, against 3,873 last year and 2,630 in 1895. Houston expects 3,000, up 3,300, against 1,911 last year and 1,658 in 1895.

By Electric Wire to the Paine-Murphy Co.

New York, February 23.—Rumors are current that the re-organization of Hooking Valley has been determined upon and that Morgan interests will be prominent therein and will probably own the railroads. The same rumors state that Morgan's option to buy the 5 per cent bonds will be bought by J. P. Morgan & Co. No definite statements of an authoritative character have been obtained on the matter, and so far the rumors seem to be mainly gossip.

London, 4 p.m.—American closed steady. The British foreign, located in Liverpool, and Sugar is on the spot that the New Jersey authorities were going to enact laws preventing them using that state for the obtaining of charters.

The Leather Company directors are now in session, considering the dividend.

Northwestern earnings for the month of January were \$33,233.

The feeling in Great Britain is running very high against coercion of the Greeks. British consuls sold down to 111/4, but recovered to 112 3/4.

Chicago, February 23.—Board's opening: Liverpool—Spot wheat quiet and 1/2d lower; futures quiet 1/2d lower. Spot corn dull and steady; future 1/2d and 1/4d lower.

Board's close: London—Bulgarian and French markets quiet. Cargoes of wheat and corn quiet but steady. On passage, wheat steady; corn quiet but steady. Berlin—Wheat steady.

World's official shipments 3,264,000, against 3,877,000 last week and 4,888,000 last year.

On passage, wheat 1,280,000 bushels, increase 1,276,000, corn increase 2,019,000, oats increase 71,000.

Wheat cables are irregular and compared with yesterday's they are lower for March but 3/4d higher for July. Compared with Saturday's closing day's Liverpool prices are unchanged to 1d higher.

To New York, 1,800,000 bushels suggests world's shipments of 4,096,000 bushels, against 3,837,000 last week and 4,888,000 last year.

Northwestern receipts 628 cars, two days, against 242 last week and 568 last year. English visible wheat increased 1,386,000 bushels.

To New York today, 29,000, official Saturday 21,223; official yesterday 42,183; left over 3,900; active and steady at yesterday's final figure.

NEW YORK COTTON QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's Close	Standard's Close
February	6 89	6 89	6 87	6 90-91	6 85-87
March	8 00	8 00	7 97	8 00-81	8 00-87
April	8 03	8 03	7 93	8 03-84	8 03-87
May	7 00	7 03	6 95	7 00-01	6 97-98
June	7 07	7 09	7 07	7 09-10	7 09-10
July	7 12	7 14	7 10	7 12-13	7 09-10
August	7 12	7 14	7 10	7 12-13	7 09-10
September	6 70	6 73	6 70	6 71-72	6 68-67
October	6 80	6 89	6 80	6 82-83	6 78-79
November	6 70	6 73	6 70	6 71-72	6 68-67
December	6 70	6 73	6 70	6 71-72	6 68-67
January	6 70	6 73	6 70	6 71-72	6 68-67
Closed steady: sales 150,600 bales.					

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, export and stock at the port:

RECEIPTS	EXPORTS	STOCKS
1897	1896	1897
1896	1895	1896
1895	1894	1895
1894	1893	1894
1893	1892	1893
1892	1891	1892
1891	1890	1891
1890	1889	1890
1889	1888	1889
1888	1887	1888
1887	1886	1887
1886	1885	1886
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1882	1881	1882
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1877	1876	1877
1876	1875	1876
1875	1874	1875
1874	1873	1874
1873	1872	1873
1872	1871	1872
1871	1870	1871
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1868	1867	1868
1867	1866	1867
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1865	1864	1865
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1802	1801	1802
1801	1800	1801
1800	1799	1800
1799	1798	1799
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1776	1775	1776
1775	17	